## MATH 3D Prep: Eigenvalue and Eigenvectors

Facts	to	Know:
racus	$\mathbf{to}$	MILLOW:

A is an  $n \times n$  matrix:

- $\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of A if there is a \_\_\_\_\_\_ vector  $\vec{v}$  such that \_\_\_\_\_.
- Such  $\vec{v}$  is called an \_\_\_\_\_ of A corresponding to eigenvalue  $\lambda$ .
- $\lambda$  is an eigenvalue if and only if \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- The set of all solutions to \_\_\_\_\_\_ is called the *eigenspace* of A corresponding to  $\lambda$ .

## **Examples:**

1. Let  $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$ , find all eigenvalues, and for each eigenvalue, find a basis for the corresponding eigenspace.